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Aguirre has not offered any reasons, let alone a valid reason, for delaying nearly 25 years in filing the present petition. Additionally, Aguirre has not demonstrated that he suffers from an adverse consequence satisfying Article III's ripeness requirement. *See City of L.A. v. Lyons*, 461 U.S. 95, 101–02 (1983) (explaining that Article III requires the party seeking relief to "show that he has sustained or is immediately in danger of sustaining some direct injury . . . and the injury or threat of injury must be both real and immediate, not conjectural or hypothetical"). Although deportation may qualify as a sufficient "adverse consequence" for coram nobis purposes, *United States v. Kwan*, 407 F.3d 1005, 1012 (9th Cir. 2005), Aguirre does not claim that he is now in removal proceedings. To the contrary, Aguirre states in his petition and accompanying affidavit that he was *not* deported as a result of his conviction.

For the reasons stated,

IT IS ORDERED that the petition for writ of error coram nobis is **DENIED** without prejudice.

DATED: December 28, 2015.

A. Wallace Tashima United States Circuit Judge Sitting by Designation